

Edinburgh
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No bodies

(X, D) \leftarrow Cauchy divisor (big)
 \uparrow
 smooth proj var / \mathbb{C}
 $\dim X = n$

complex body

$\Delta_{\mathbb{C}}(D)$ extends notion of Newton polytope (for linear vars)

$v: H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(D)) \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^n$

aim: translating
 quantum for
 (X, D) to $\Delta_{\mathbb{C}}(D)$

[Okounkov 1990-2000]

[Kovalev-Kravchenko 2002] (extended)
 [Lazarsfeld-Mustaţea 2003] (systematic)

valuation given by a flag of subvarieties

$Y_0: X = Y_0 \supset Y_1 \supset \dots \supset Y_m = \{pt\}$ s.t. $\begin{cases} Y_i \text{ irred and smooth at pt} \\ \text{cod } Y_i = i \end{cases}$

$s \in H^0(D)$ big

$w_Y(s) = (v_1(s), \dots, v_m(s)) : -) v_1(s) = \text{ord}_{Y_1}(s)$

$-) v_1(s) = \text{ord}_{Y_1}(s)$

$-) v_2(s) = \text{ord}_{Y_2}(s_{1/Y_1})$

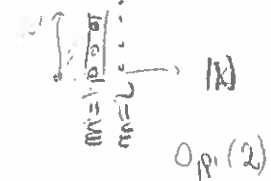
-) etc.

(often choosing loc eqs def $Y_1 \subset X$,
 can choose $s_1 \in H^0(X, D - v_1 Y_1)$
 s.t $s_1 \neq 0$ along Y_1) $\left(\begin{matrix} s_1 \in H^0(X, D - v_1 Y_1) \\ v_2 = \text{ord}(s_1^2) \end{matrix} \right)$

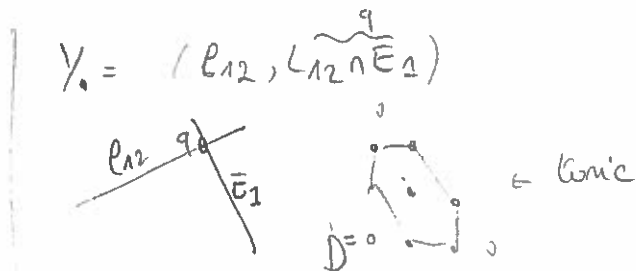
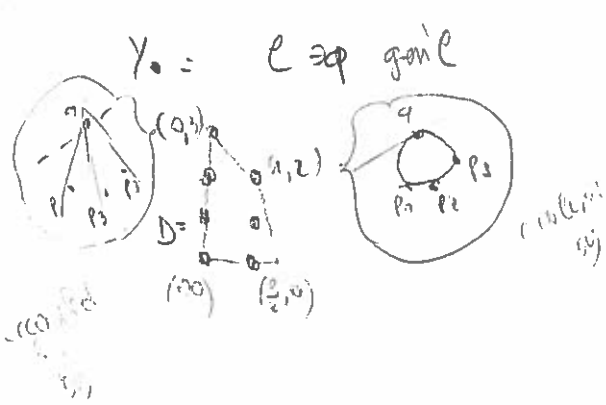
Define $\Gamma_{Y_0}(D) = \{ (m, v(s)) \mid s \in H^0(X, mD) \setminus \{0\} \} \subset \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{Z}^m$ VALUE SETTING

Define $\text{Cone}_{Y_0}(D) = \text{closure of convex hull of } \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^m$

Define $\Delta_{Y_0}(D) = \text{Cone}_{Y_0}(D) \cap \{ \mathbb{Z} \} \times \mathbb{R}^d$



Ex: deg 6 del Pezzo $(X = \mathbb{P}^2, K_X)$ $\Delta_{Y_0}(-K_X)$:



LNO bodies encode properties of (X, D) e.g. $H^1(D) = \# \Delta_{Y_0(D)} \cap \mathbb{Z} / \text{Neuron-freeness}$

e.g. LM: \exists closed convex cone $\Delta_{Y_0(X)} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^m \times N^1(X)_{\mathbb{R}}$ s.t. fibers over big divisors is $\Delta_{Y_0(D)}$

(global NO body: neighborhood of volume in.)

LM: $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{H^0(mD)}{m/m!} = m! \cdot \text{vol}_{\mathbb{R}^m}(\Delta_{Y_0(D)})$ Euclidean volume
 does not dep on flag (diff shape, same volume)

see examples pag 1
 $\text{vol}^2(-K_X) = -K_X^2 = \dim = 6$
 $R^0 = 7$

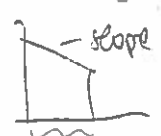
In some case Δ_{Y_0} are familiar objects

LM: X smooth proj curve, Y_0 torus invariant $\Rightarrow \Delta_{Y_0(D)} = P_{D'}$ where $D' \sim D$ torus inv. (modulo linear homot of \mathbb{R}^m)

(Ex 2 deg Bezo)

In general $\Delta_{Y_0(D)}$ are difficult / ugly

\rightarrow can be non rational

ex X ab surd Pic \mathbb{P}^2 , $Y_0: X \supset C \ni P$ angle curve
 $\Delta_{Y_0(D)} =$ 
 $\mu(c) = \text{smallest root of } P(t) = (D - tc)^2$
 (can be not rational)

even worse: can be round

with A $\Gamma_{\neq g} \Rightarrow \Delta_{Y_0(D)}$ not \mathbb{P}^2
 not \mathbb{P}^2
 Ex $C = \text{ell curve}$
 $|D| = 9P_1$
 $P_1 = \{(1,0), (1,1), (1,3)\}$
 $|D| = 9Q_1$
 $Q_1 = \{(0,0)\} \cup \{(m,4) : y=3m-1\}$

ex hybrid m (Culter's construction)

$X = \mathbb{P}(E)$ $E = \mathcal{O}_Y(A_1) \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-B_1) \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-B_2)$
 A ab \mathbb{P}^2
 A_1, B_1, B_2 angle

Natural Question: which X admit nice polyhedral $\Delta_{Y_0(D)}$?

Particular: toric degeneration

[TH1] [Anderson '12] If $\Gamma_{Y_0(D)} \neq g \Rightarrow \exists$ toric degeneration of (X, D) to toric variety (where normalization is function of $\Delta_{Y_0(D)}$)
 $(\pi: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ flat family, irreducible fibers $X_t \subseteq X$, Y_0 toric

$\exists \sigma: \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow X$ $\sigma^{-1}(0) = \{0\}$
 $\exists \tau: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$ $\tau^{-1}(0) = \{0\}$
 $\exists \nu: \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow X$ $\nu^{-1}(0) = \{0\}$

TMM [Harshida - Kaveh '15] In above notation,

$X \subset \mathbb{P}^N \times \mathbb{C} \quad (X \subset \mathbb{P}^N)$
 $\pi: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$
 Ω Kähler form on \mathbb{P}^N (Fubini-Study form)
 $\int \left(\frac{1}{2} \omega + \pi^* \Omega \right)$ on $\mathbb{P}^N \times \mathbb{C}$
 $\omega_X = \int \Omega \times \pi^* \omega$ or $\omega_X = \omega|_{X_i}$
 π_1 -basis $\pi = (\mathbb{C}^*)^m$
 $\int \pi^*(S^1)^m$ -invariant (compact locus)

- (1) \exists (continuous) map $X_1 \rightarrow X_0$ symplectomorphism (preserves Kähler form)
 (given by Hamiltonian flow given by $\nabla(\text{Re}(\alpha))$
 or equiv. specialisation map (non-Archimedean geom: Berkovich))
- 2) \exists integrable system $\{F_1, \dots, F_m\}$ on (X, ω) s.t. consp moment map $(\{F_1, \dots, F_m\}: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m)$
 has image $\Delta_Y(D)$ (F_i continuous, dF_i lin indep away from critical pts, $\{F_i, F_j\} = 0$ Poisson brackets given by ω)
- COR: $\exists (X, D)$ has toric deg. \exists moment map to $\Delta_Y(D)$

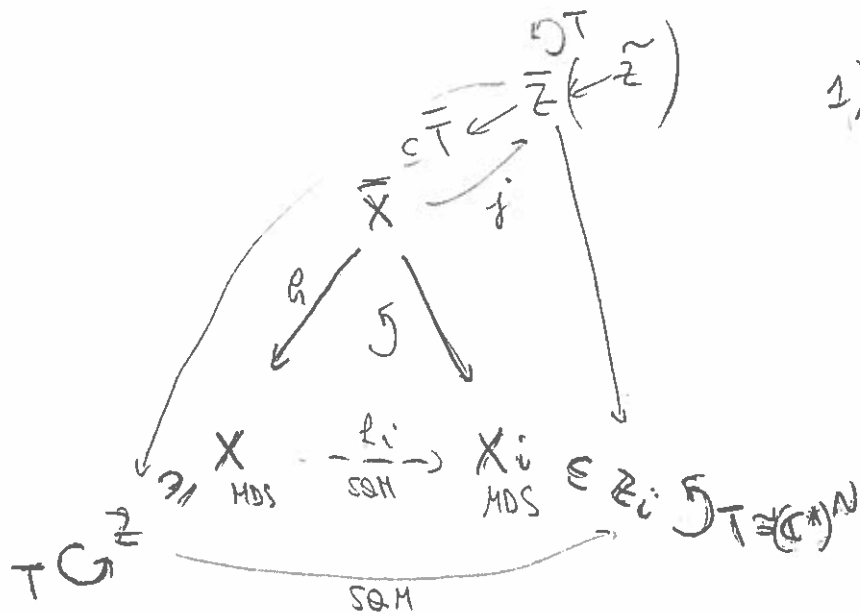
Main result this talk

TMM [P, Urbinati '17] X smooth Mori Dream space, D Cartier.
 $\Rightarrow \exists Y_0$ s.t. $\Gamma(Y_0, D) \neq \emptyset$ (in partic $\Delta_{Y_0}(D)$, $\Delta_{Y_0}(X)$ not polyhedral)
 and (X, D) admits toric degeneration.

\exists MDS \neq toric, del Pezzo surfaces, Fano varieties, log Fano pairs
 \rightarrow have not'ly pol $\overline{\text{Eff}}/\text{Mov}$ cones + f.m. mod chambers ($X \dashrightarrow X_i$)
 \rightarrow behave well w.r.t MMP (flips terminate)

Huybrecht '2000 X MDS $\Leftrightarrow \text{Cox}(X) = \bigoplus_{D \in \text{Pic}(X)} H^0(X, D) \neq \emptyset$. (coordinate ring)

- $\exists X \hookrightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ toric quasi-smooth (\Leftrightarrow simplicial = \mathbb{Q} -Gorenstein) s.t.
- (1) $\text{Pic}(\mathbb{Z})_{\mathbb{Q}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Pic}(X)_{\mathbb{Q}}$
 - (2) $\overline{\text{Eff}}(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \overline{\text{Eff}}(X)$ (induced by (1))
 - (3) \forall mod chamber of X is union of f.m. chambers of \mathbb{Z}
 - (4) MMP contraction $\varphi: X \dashrightarrow X'$ is induced by toric map $\mathbb{Z} \dashrightarrow \mathbb{Z}'$ by restriction.



1) $\exists \bar{X}$ dominates SQM's of X
 $(h^* \text{Def}(X) = \text{Map}(X))$
 obtained using Tevelev's "tropical compactification" of $X \times T \subset T$:

$\bar{X} \subset \bar{T} \subset T$

o) \bar{T} smooth (non proj) conic var.

o) $\text{Supp } \epsilon_{\bar{T}}$ supported on $\text{trop}(X \times T)$

o) $\bar{X} \setminus X$ boundary is divisorial and s.m.c.

2) $\exists \bar{Z}$ (quasi-smooth) proj. $\epsilon_{\bar{Z}}$ complete refinement of $\epsilon_{\bar{T}}$
 and $j^* \text{Pic}(\bar{Z}) \cong \text{Pic}(\bar{X})$ and \hookrightarrow

(3) $\exists \tilde{Z}$ smooth conic (not isom of Pic) \leftarrow conic non. of jugs = ston subvar.

LEMMA: All line flags (that intersect \bar{X} (i.e. those that are in \bar{T})) induce flag on \bar{X} (by restriction + turn relation to first element)

Param on X
 $\bar{Z} = \langle Y_N \supseteq Y_{N-1} \supseteq \dots \supseteq Y_{N-m} \supseteq \dots \rangle$
 $\bar{X} = \langle Y_N | Y_{N-2} \dots \supseteq Y_{N-m} \supseteq \dots \rangle$

\leftarrow here using properties of loop comp

THM No bodies of D on X is linear projection of N body of D on \bar{T} have P_D

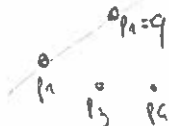
COR $D_Y(D)$ not a pol. (and computable using line geometry)

Ex: del Pezzo deg 5: $X = \mathbb{P}^2$, $D = -K_X$ ($X = M_{2,5} = \text{Gr}(2,5)$) $h^0 = 6$ vol = 4

$Y_0 = (e_{1,2}, e_{1,2} \cap e_{3,4})$



(realisation of pts) degeneration
 $\exists \mathbb{P}^2$ in 2 pairs of ∞ mean pts $[1,1]^2$



degeneration $\exists \mathbb{P}^2$ in 2 pts and 2 ∞ mean pts