

$$V_C^p([0, T]) = V^p([0, T]) \cap C([0, T])$$

$$\text{norm: } |X_0| + \|X\|_{V^p} \quad (\text{or } \|X\|_{L^\infty} + \|X\|_{V^p})$$

(iv) For $p_1 \leq p_2$,

$$V^{p_1} \subset V^{p_2}$$

For $\alpha_1 \geq \alpha_2$

$$C_{\text{Hölder}}^{\alpha_1} \subset C_{\text{Hölder}}^{\alpha_2}$$

(v) Interpolation: $1 \leq p_1 < p_2 < \infty$.

$$\|X\|_{V^{p_2}} \leq \|X\|_{V^{p_1}}^{p_1/p_2} \left(\sup_{t,s} |X_t - X_s| \right)^{1-p_1/p_2}$$

(\Leftarrow Hölder)

Prop 5.5 in [EV]

(vi) $X^n \rightarrow X$ ptwise on $[0, T]$

$$\|X\|_{V^p} \leq \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|X^n\|_{V^p}$$

(vii)

$$\lim_{p' \downarrow p} \|X\|_{V^{p'}} = \|X\|_{V^p}$$

Lem 5.13 in [EV].

(viii) Compactness: $\{X^m\} \subset C([0, T])$.

(2)

$X^m \rightarrow X$ uniformly.

• Suppose $\sup_m \|X^m\|_{V^p} < \infty$. Then, $X^m \rightarrow X$ in $V^{p'}$, $\forall p' > p$.

(vi) $\Rightarrow X \in V^p$. Then apply interpolation (v)

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\infty}^p &= \overline{C^{\infty}}^{\|\cdot\|_{V^p}} (= C^{0, p\text{-var}}) & \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{VMO / CMO} \\ = \overline{C_c^{\infty}}^{\|\cdot\|_{BMO}} \end{array} \right) \\ C_{\infty}^{\alpha} &= \overline{C^{\infty}}^{\|\cdot\|_{C^{\alpha}}} (= C^{0, \alpha\text{-Hölder}}) \end{aligned}$$

• closed subspaces, Banach, separable. (Prop 5.36 in [FV])

\rightarrow Polish

$V_c^p, C_{\text{Hölder}}^{\alpha}$ not separable

• Reparametrization: (Prop 1.21, Prop 5.14 in [FV])

$X \in V_c^p([0, T])$ iff \exists conti. increasing function h from $[0, T]$ to $[0, 1]$ and $C_{\text{Hölder}}^{1/p}$ -function Y s.t.

$$X = Y \circ h.$$

① Riemann - Stieljes integral & ODE. (p=1)

③

Prop 1: $X \in V'_c([0, T])$, Y on $[0, T]$, piecewise continuous.

Then, the Riemann - Stieljes integral $\int_0^T Y dX$ exists,
linear in X and Y with the bound:

$$(*) \quad \left| \int_0^T Y dX \right| \leq \|Y\|_{L^\infty([0, T])} \|X\|_{V'([0, T])} \quad \text{Prop 2.2 in [FV]}$$

Idea:

① dX - integrable functions if Riemann sum converges
lin space, $(*)$ holds.

② Y^n , dX - integrable, $Y^n \rightarrow Y$ in $L^\infty([0, T])$

Use $(*)$ to show $\int_0^T Y dX = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^T Y^n dX$
etc.

Rmk: $Z(t) = \int_0^t Y dX \Rightarrow |Z(t_2) - Z(t_1)| = \left| \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Y dX \right| \leq \|Y\|_{L^\infty} \|X\|_{V'([t_1, t_2])}$

$$\Rightarrow \|Z\|_{V'([0, T])} \leq \|Y\|_{L^\infty} \|X\|_{V'([0, T])}$$

Lemma 2: (Gronwall's inequality)

$X \in V'_c([0, T])$. $\Phi: [0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$, measurable, bdd.

Suppose $(**)$ $\Phi(t) \leq A + \int_0^t \Phi(s) |dX(s)|, \forall 0 \leq t \leq T$

for some $A, B \geq 0$. Then,

$$\Phi(t) \leq A \exp\left(B \|X\|_{V'([0, T])}\right), \forall 0 \leq t \leq T.$$

Here, $\int_0^t \dots |dX(s)| =$ integration w.r.t. a V' -path $l(t) = \|X\|_{V'([0, t])}$.

Pf: By iterating $(**)$ n times, we get

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi(t) &\leq A + \sum_{k=1}^n A B^k \underbrace{\int_0^t \int_0^{t_1} \dots \int_0^{t_{k-1}} |dX(t_k)| \dots |dX(t_1)|}_{= \frac{\|X\|_{V'([0, t])}^k}{k!}} \\ &\quad + \underbrace{\text{remainder}}_{\sim \frac{\|\Phi\|_{L^\infty}}{(n+1)!}} \end{aligned}$$

□

(5)

Thm 3: $X \in V'_c([0, T])$.

V , Lipschitz

Then, $\forall Y_0$, $\exists!$ soln to

$$\Leftrightarrow dY = V(Y) dX$$

$$Y(t) = Y_0 + \int_0^t V(Y(s)) dX(s), \quad 0 \leq t \leq T.$$

Moreover, $Y \in V'_c([0, T])$.

Pf: $\Gamma(Y)(t) = Y_0 + \int_0^t V(Y(s)) dX(s)$

① work on $[0, \tau]$, $0 < \tau \ll 1$.

$$\|\Gamma(Y)\|_{V'([0, \tau])} \leq |Y_0| + \underbrace{\|V(Y) - V(0)\|_{L^\infty([0, \tau])}}_{\leq K \|Y\|_{L^\infty([0, \tau])}} \|X\|_{V'([0, \tau])}$$

$$+ |V(0)| \|X\|_{V'([0, \tau])} \leq R \text{ by choosing } R = 2|Y_0| \text{ and } \tau \text{ small.}$$

$$\forall Y \in B_R \subset V'_c([0, \tau]) \quad (\Rightarrow \|Y\|_{L^\infty([0, \tau])} \leq R)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\Gamma(Y^1) - \Gamma(Y^2)\|_{V^1([0, T])} &\leq K \|Y^1 - Y^2\|_{L^\infty([0, T])} \|X\|_{V^1([0, T])} \\ &\leq \frac{1}{2} \|Y^1 - Y^2\|_{V^1([0, T])} \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

$\Rightarrow \Gamma$ is a contraction on B_R

$\Rightarrow \exists! Y \in B_R$ s.t. $Y = \Gamma(Y)$

□

Rmk: • By Grönwall's inequality,

$$Y^j(t) = Y^j(0) + \int_0^t V(Y^j(s)) dX(s), \quad j = 1, 2. \quad X \in V_c^1([0, T])$$

$$\Rightarrow \|Y^1 - Y^2\|_{L^\infty([0, T])} \leq |Y^1(0) - Y^2(0)| \exp(K \|X\|_{V^1([0, T])})$$

• soln map: $Y_0 \rightarrow Y$ is in fact C^1 .

$$\Phi(t, Y_0) = Y(t)$$

Let $J_t = \frac{\partial \Phi(t, Y_0)}{\partial Y_0}$. Then,

$$J_t = Id + \int_0^t DV(\Phi(s, Y_0)) J_s dX(s)$$