

μ_X is a quasi-embedding

Goal: μ_X is a quasi-equivalence

$F(T^*X) := \{ \text{twisted complexes in } \text{Mod}(F_{\text{Fuk}}(T^*X)) \}$
 built out of $\text{Hom}_{\text{Fuk}}(-, L) \quad \forall L \text{ branes}$

Goal: express any $\text{Hom}_{\text{Fuk}}(-, L)$ as a tw. cplx of $\text{Hom}(-, L_Y)$

$\forall L, \forall p \in \text{Fuk}$ (test object) want to write

$\text{Hom}(P, L)$ in terms of $\text{Hom}(P, L_Y)$. (step 1).

Motivation: X scheme, $P, L \in \text{Coh}(X)$

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Coh}(X)}(P, L) \cong \text{Hom}(P \otimes L^\vee, \mathcal{O}_X)$$

$$\cong \text{Hom}(\Delta^*(P \otimes L^\vee), \mathcal{O}_X)$$

$$\cong \text{Hom}(P \otimes L^\vee, \underbrace{\Delta_* \mathcal{O}_X}_{\mathcal{O}_\Delta})$$

$$\Delta: X \rightarrow X \times X \text{ diagonal} \quad \mathcal{O}_\Delta$$

$\boxtimes \rightsquigarrow \times$ product

$\vee \rightsquigarrow \alpha_X$ multiply by -1 on T^*X .

$$(L, \mathcal{E}, \tilde{\alpha}, b) \xrightarrow{\alpha_x} (a(L), a^*(\mathcal{E}^\vee), -\alpha_x - a^*(\tilde{\alpha}), a^*(b)).$$

$$\mathbb{O}_\Delta \rightsquigarrow \alpha_{X \times X}(L_{\Delta_X}) = \alpha_{X \times X}(\mu_{X \times X}(i_* \mathbb{O}_{\Delta_X}))$$

Lemma: $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*X)}(P, L) \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*(X \times X))}(P \times \alpha(L), \alpha(L_{\Delta_X}))$

(all the moduli spaces are the same, on the nose).

Lemma: $P, P' \in \mathcal{F}(T^*X_0), Q, Q' \in \mathcal{F}(T^*X_1)$

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*(X_0 \times X_1))}(P \times Q, P' \times Q') \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*X)}(P, P') \otimes \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*X)}(Q, Q')$$

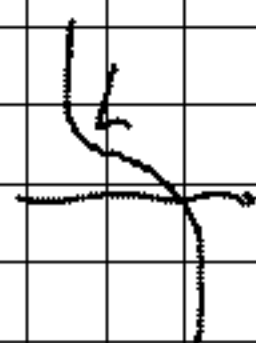
We want to approximate $\Delta_X \subset X \times X$ by a "staircase":

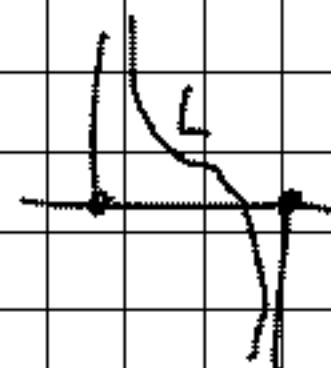


triangulate $X \quad T = \{t_\alpha \mid \alpha \in A\}$

$$\text{Condition: } \Gamma^\infty \subset \overline{\bigsqcup_x T_{t_\alpha}^* X}^\infty \quad (\text{given } L)$$

E.g. if



we choose T : 

Since $i_* \mathbb{O}_{\Delta_X}$ is a twisted complex built out of

$$i_* \mathbb{O}_{\Delta_\alpha} : \quad \square \xrightarrow{\Delta_\alpha = \text{diagonal in } t_\alpha \times t_\alpha}$$

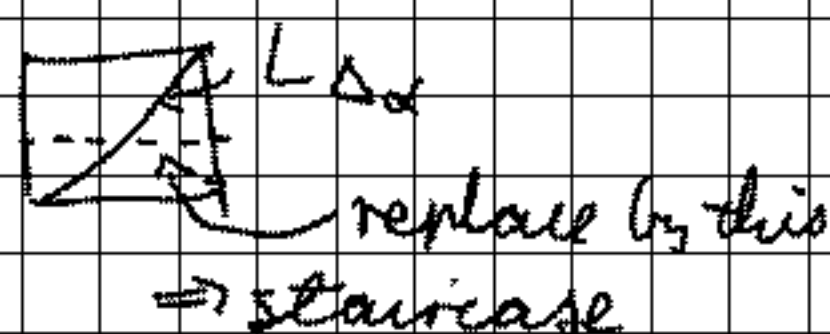
$\alpha(L_{\Delta_X})$ is a twisted complex of the $\mu_{X \times X}(i_* \mathbb{O}_{\Delta_\alpha})$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{F}(T^*(X \times X))}(P \times \alpha(L), \alpha(L_{\Delta_X}))$$

can be expressed as a tw cpx of

$$\text{Hom}(P \times \alpha(L), L_{\Delta_\alpha})$$

Now we would like to replace



i.e. $L_{\Delta_\alpha} \cong L_{T_\alpha} \times L_{\{c_\alpha\}}$
↙ conormal to point in centre of T_α

If this were true (it's not), we would get

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hom}(P \times \alpha(L), L_{\Delta_\alpha}) &\cong \text{Hom}(P \times \alpha(L), L_{T_\alpha} \otimes L_{\{c_\alpha\}}) \\ &\cong \text{Hom}(P, L_{T_\alpha}) \otimes \text{Hom}(\alpha(L), L_{\{c_\alpha\}}) \end{aligned}$$

⇒ can build $\text{Hom}(P, L)$ out of $\text{Hom}(P, L_{T_\alpha})$, tensored with some vector spaces which are independent of P .

⇒ By Yoneda lemma, original L is a loc cpx. of L_{T_α} .

But it is not true.

Instead look at homotopy $\Delta_{\alpha, s}$ between Δ_α and $t_\alpha \times \{c_\alpha\}$

Define $L_{\Delta_{\alpha, s}} = \mathcal{H}_{X \times X}(i_* \mathbb{C}_{\Delta_{\alpha, s}})$

Non-char def. lemma: If $\mathcal{Q} \in \mathcal{F}(T^*X)$, family of branes

$$L_s, s \in \mathbb{R},$$

$$\text{if } \mathcal{Q}^\infty \cap \bar{L}_s^\infty = \emptyset,$$

then $\text{Hom}(\mathcal{Q}, L_s)$ is indep. of s .

So we need to choose the triangulation so that this is satisfied, for $\mathcal{Q} = P \times \alpha(L)$, $L_s = L_{\Delta_{\alpha, s}}$

It turns out you can do this and it doesn't depend on P (you only move $\Delta_{\alpha, s}$ in the direction orthogonal to P direction).